8 June 1961

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# CURRENT INTELLIGENCE WEEKLY REVIEW

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THE WEEK IN BRIEF

DATE: JUL 2001

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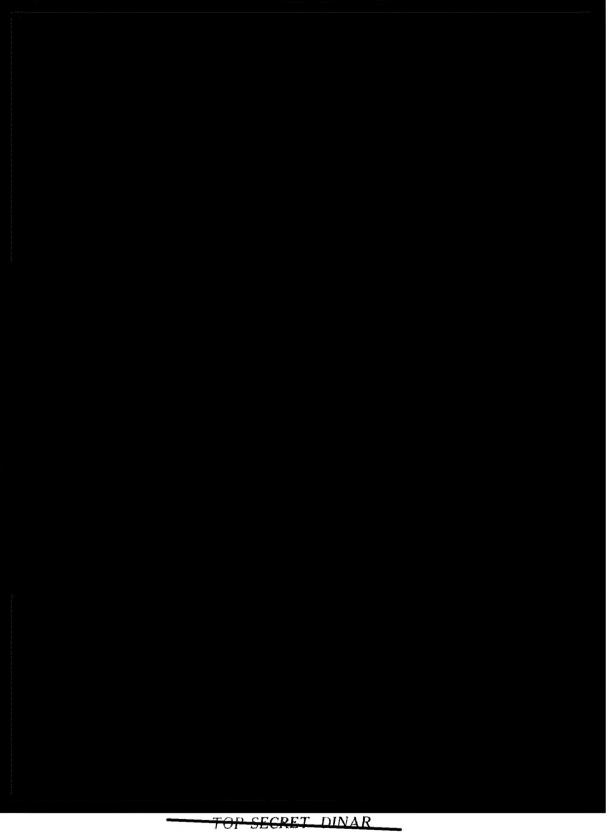
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### CURRENT INTELLIGENCE WEEKLY REVIEW

8 June 1961 Maj. Gen. Pak Chong-hui is consolidating his control over South Korea's military regime. He reportedly will head the Standing Committee that is expected to exercise control in the Supreme Council for National Reconstruction. Lt. Gen. Chang To-yong, while retaining the largely titular posts of chairman of the Supreme Council and chief of cabinet, has been removed as army chief of staff, defense minister, and martial law commander. The regime remains hostile to any suggestion for an early return to civilian government.

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#### SOUTH KOREA

Maj. Gen. Pak Chong-hui. the architect of last month's military coup in South Korea, appears to be moving cautiously to consolidate his control of the ruling junta. He reportedly will become chairman of the seven-man Standing Committee that is likely to emerge as the focal point of power in the unwieldy 32-member Supreme Council for National Reconstruction (SCNR). Pak's intelligence chief, Lt. Col. Kim Chong-pil, has seized government dossiers containing information compromising potential opponents, including SCNR chairman Lt. Gen. Chang To-yong.

On 6 May the Supreme Council announced that Chang had resigned as army chief of staff, defense minister, and martial law commander but would continue as chairman of the Supreme Council and chief of cabinet. The latter posts have little real



The regime also announced on 6 May that retired Lt. Gen. Sin Ung-kyun, former vice minister of defense and onetime ambassador to Turkey, and Lt. Gen. Kim Chong-o would succeed Chang

as defense minister and army chief of staff respectively. Both are regarded as generally competent. Prior approval was obtained from the UN commander for Kim's appointment.

The Supreme Council on 6
June promulgated the law of
Emergency Measures of National
Reconstruction, which "legalizes"
its usurpation of power and in
effect suspends these provisions
of the present constitution
dealing with civil rights and
the ousted National Assembly.
The regime reportedly is considering the eventual adoption of
a new constitution providing for
a strong executive patterned on
that of the French Fifth Republic.

At the same time, spokesmen for the regime have vigorously denounced public speculation on the timing of a return to civilian government. The managing editor and one reporter of Tonga Ilbo, South Korea's largest and most respected newspaper, were summarily arrested on 4 June for headlining President Yun Po-sun's "hopes for an early transfer of power" and implying that the President believed a return to civilian authority waAPPROVED FOR RELEASE prior to the opening narthwallth UN General Assembly in September. The incident indicates the regime's hypersensitivity to the timing of such action and provides further evidence that the junta's limited relaxation of martial law and censorship is largely window dressing.

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